

ZERO: The number of complaints Disability Rights Oregon has received in the 20 years since Oregon's medical aid-in-dying law was implemented

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Disabilities Rights Oregon has never to my knowledge received a complaint that a person with disabilities was coerced or being coerced to make use of the Act.

– **Bob Joondeph**, Executive Director, Disability Rights Oregon (DRO)

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One of the, probably the most fundamental right that we support as an agency is the right to make your own decisions whenever you're competent to do so. And that leads us to stand here in support of this bill.

– **James Jackson**, Disability Rights New Mexico

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NINE FACTS YOU NEED TO KNOW

1. The medical aid-in-dying and disability rights movements share important core values: autonomy, independence and self-determination.
2. Medical aid-in-dying laws protect people with disabilities from coercion and exploitation through strict eligibility requirements and safeguards. In states where medical aid in dying is not authorized, people with disabilities are actually **more** vulnerable to coercion and abuse.
3. A person with a disability is only eligible for medical aid in dying if they are terminally ill with six months or less to live. In addition, the person has to be an adult, able to make informed healthcare decisions, and able to take the medication themselves.
4. No one can get a medical aid-in-dying prescription unless and until two doctors and two independent witnesses confirm that the person requesting it is not being coerced to do so.
5. Coercing someone to use medical aid in dying is a felony punishable under state criminal laws.
6. Medical aid in dying is a medical practice proven by decades of experience in authorized states. In more than four decades of practice, there is not a single substantiated case of abuse or coercion nor any civil or criminal charges filed related to the practice. Not one. Currently medical aid in dying is authorized in 10 jurisdictions.
7. Two out of three people living with a disability support medical aid in dying according to surveys in Connecticut, New Jersey and Massachusetts.
8. The Disability Rights Legal Center has declared that medical aid in dying “poses no threat to people with disabilities.”
9. Activists in the disability community — like Dr. Steven Hawking, among others — are some of the strongest supporters of medical aid in dying as an option.