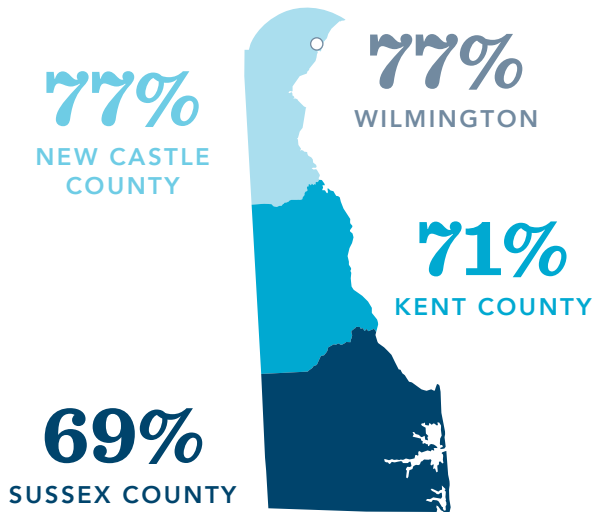


Voters in Delaware Support Medical Aid in Dying

Support for Medical Aid in Dying is Consistent Across Delaware



By More Than a 3–1 margin:



DELAWARE VOTERS SUPPORT LEGISLATION

“that would give terminally ill patients with decision-making capacity the right to take medication to end their own lives.”

People of All Faiths Support Medical Aid in Dying



75%

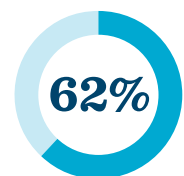
DELAWAREANS OF ALL FAITHS SUPPORT

“allowing an adult with decision-making capacity, who is dying of a terminal disease with no hope of recovery, the right to bring about their own death.”

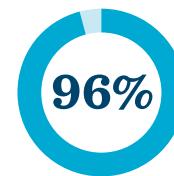
SUPPORTERS' RELIGION:



OF CATHOLICS



OF PROTESTANTS

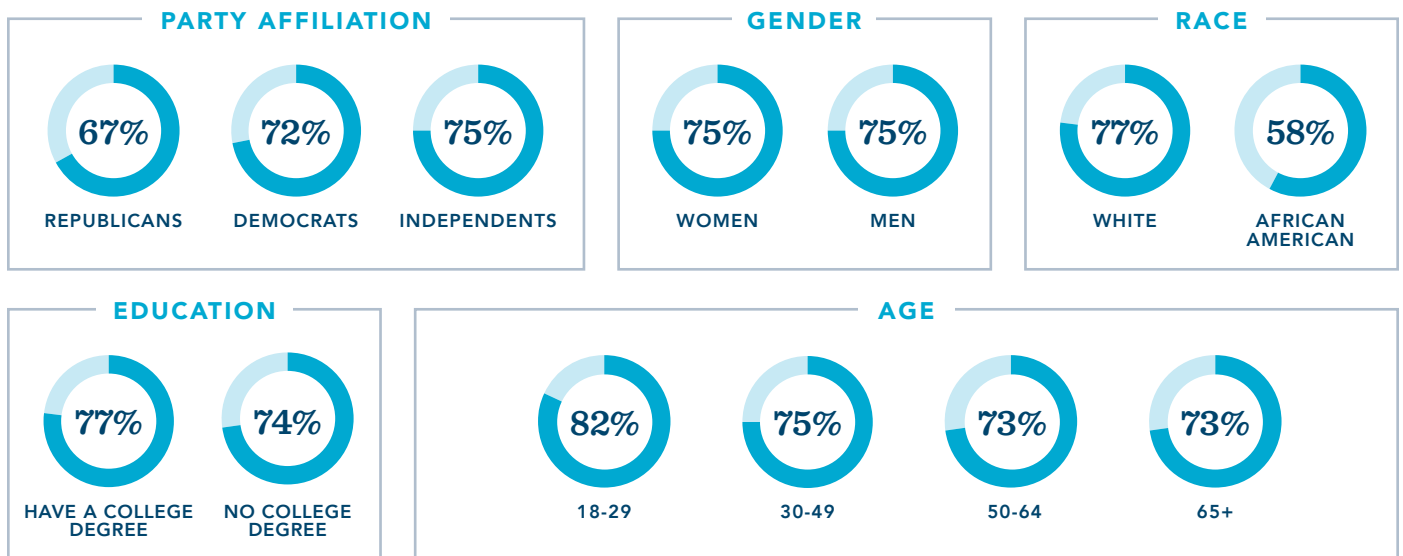


OF PEOPLE IN OTHER RELIGIONS

Source: GBAO Strategies, Delaware Statewide Survey, Jan-Feb 2020

Majority Support for Medical Aid in Dying in Delaware

The survey measured included virtually every demographic group, including party affiliation, race, religion, gender, education level and age group.



Source: GBAO Strategies, Delaware Statewide Survey, Jan-Feb 2020

The Ron Silverio/Heather Block Delaware End of Life Options Act

The Ron Silverio/Heather Block Delaware End of Life Options Act would allow a terminally ill adult who has decision-making capacity the right to request and self-administer medication to end their life in a humane and dignified manner if they choose. The legislation prohibits coercion, or pressure on the terminally ill individual to request or to take medication prescribed to end their life.

- » No physician, health provider or pharmacist is required to participate.
- » The decision to request and self-administer aid-in-dying medication must be made voluntarily by the terminally ill individual and can be withdrawn at any time in any manner.
- » Individuals are not eligible for medical aid in dying due to advanced age or disability.

- » The attending physician must inform the requesting individual about all of their end-of-life care options, including hospice and pain or symptom management.
- » Insurers cannot alter or deny benefits for terminally ill individuals based on the availability of medical aid in dying as an end-of-life care option.
- » Unused medication must be disposed of according to state and federal guidelines.

Medical aid in dying is currently authorized in **OREGON, WASHINGTON, MONTANA, VERMONT, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HAWAII, NEW JERSEY** and **MAINE**.