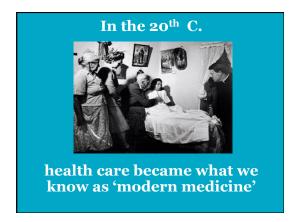




"A friend of mine has a T-shirt which reads,
"DENIAL IS NOT A RIVER IN EGYPT!"

Please decide what medical treatment possibilities you want for yourself and complete an Advance Directive. Then, hope that the forms will never be necessary."





It has become complicated to die...

"MODERN SCIENTIFIC CAPABILITY has profoundly altered the course of human life. People live longer and better than at any other time in history. But scientific advances have turned the processes of aging and dying into medical experiences, matters to be managed by health care professionals. And we in the medical world have proved alarmingly unprepared for it."

Being Mortal: ATUL GAWANDE MD

Compassion & Choices



The Default in US medicine:

- 1) Do everything,
- 2) For everybody,
 - 3) Every time

Treatment Options:

- Pursuing Treatment
- Refusing Treatment
- Discontinuing Treatment
- Hospice
- Voluntarily Stopping Eating and Drinking (VSED)
- Continuous Deep Sedation
- Medical Aid in Dying*
 (* 9 States and DC)

Advance Health Care Planning - where to begin?

Your personal beliefs and values: What kinds of things are most important to you? What makes you happy?

Quality of life concerns: What basic abilities are important to you in order to feel you would want to continue living?

Types of life sustaining treatments: Are there specific procedures or treatments you would want or definitely not want if you were diagnosed with a terminal condition?

Your support network: Connect with your health care team! Is there anyone you do not want involved in your health care decisions?

Advance Health Care Planning Institute of Medicine Dying in America Study, 2014 **Effective Approaches:** · Acknowledge and address barriers to engaging in advance planning process o "Not important" / "too many other things to worry about right now" o "Don't want to think about death" o "Loved ones don't want to discuss it"

Advance HC Planning

Institute of Medicine Dying in America Study, 2014

Effective Approaches:



- · Shift the focus of end-of-life decision making away from document completion and toward facilitating conversations and discussions of values and
 - o Do not stress importance of making choices about every possible intervention
 - o Provide guidelines for how to make decisions
 - o (Especially important in COVID-19 pandemic)

Advance Health Care Planning

Institute of Medicine Dying in America Study, 2014

Effective Approaches:

- · Treat advance care planning as an ongoing process, not as a one time event designed to produce a product.
 - Revisit plans, upon change of health conditions, upon change of social situations
 Make choices based on current health

 - Promote ongoing conversations with loved ones and healthcare providers

Compassion & Choices

Compassion & Choices

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Advance Health Care Planning

Benefits of ongoing advance healthcare planning conversations:

- A better chance that your loved ones and health care providers will honor your health care wishes
- · Less confusion and family conflict
- · A 'gift of love' for those who will need to make
- · Modeling for children and parents and friends

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Advance HC Planning Documents

· Living Will



- Healthcare Proxy
- Addenda



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Advance HC Planning Documents

- Advance directives combine both pieces, the what and the who
- Documents and regulations change from state to state
 - Some states have multiple documents, others just have one
 - · Compassion & Choices End of Life Information Center links to the state pages for the state approved forms
 - . People can use forms other than the state forms, but the state forms will include instructions about state specific regulations so they are recommended

C&C End of Life Decisions Guide and Dementia Values & Priorities Tool documents can be used as addenda to the health care proxy, living will or advance directive to further specify wishes

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Advance HC Planning Documents -**Living Will**

- What medical care you would want if you had a sudden, unexpected event in which you did not know yourself or others, and were unlikely to recover? What are your healthcare wishes? (different names in different states):
 - Living will
 - o Declaration of wishes
 - Would you want life prolonging treatment to continue?
 - Would you want life prolonging treatment to stop?
- · How could you help your loved ones make this decision?

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Advance HC Planning Documents -**Health Care Proxy**

- Who would make medical decisions for you?
- Person(s) appointed to make health care decisions for you if you can no longer make decisions for yourself (different names in different states):
- Healthcare Proxy
 Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions Surrogate
- Someone you trust to speak on your behalf and who knows your wishes
- Primary and alternates (not a group of people)

 Does not have to be family member or someone nearby, just someone
- available if needed
- Cannot be healthcare provider or anyone under 18 You can specify who you "DO NOT" want to make decisions as well

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Your Health Care Representative

Will this person:

- · Speak for you in case you cannot?
- · Act on your wishes and separate their own feelings from
- Live close by or could easily travel to be with you?
- · Know you well and understand what you want?
- · Be someone you trust with your life and, more importantly, with your death?
- · Talk with you about sensitive issues?
- Be available long-term?
- Be able to handle conflicting opinions between family, friends and medical team?
- · Be a strong advocate in the face of an unresponsive doctor or institution?

Compassion & Choices

The Decisions a Health Care Proxy will make on your behalf

- · Choices about medical tests, medicine, or surgery
- The right to request or decline life-support treatments such as medical devices to aid breathing, medical devices to provide food
- and water, CPR, blood transfusions, dialysis, and antibiotics
 Choices about pain management, including authorization or refusal of medication or procedures
- · Admission to an assisted living facility, hospital, hospice, or nursing home
- · Choices about where to seek medical treatment, including the right to move you to another facility, hospital, or state
- The right to see and approve release of your medical records
- · The option to take legal action on your behalf in order to
- advocate for your health care rights and wishes · The right to apply for Medicare, Medicaid, or other programs

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Advance HC Planning Documents

- · Documents must be signed to be authorized per state regulation:
 - Two witnesses witnesses cannot be the primary or surrogate decision maker
 - Notary public
- Documents must be signed in front of witnesses / notary
- An attorney is not needed to complete advance healthcare planning documents (but is needed for POA for finances and final wills).

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Advance HC Planning Documents

- Keep the original and any working papers in your place of residence in a location that can easily be found, and that your family know about
 - · POLST on refrigerator door
- · Give a copy and any working notes to your proxy
- · Give your health care provider a copy
- · Have an ACP wallet card
- Keep a copy in the glove box of your car?
- · Have a copy entered in to your hospital medical record
- Church/Synagogue/e-Registry

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Advance HC Planning Documents - Language

- · General language is not recommended:
 - "No heroic measures"
 - "No extraordinary treatments"
 - "Don't want to be a vegetable"

(These statements are not specific and open to interpretation)

- Discuss what "living well" means to you (talk with family, eat foods, etc.)
- Use C&C addenda documents to make your wishes clear and specific

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Not a option...



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ACP Documents should be reviewed whenever one of the 5 "D's" occur:

Decade - when you start each decade of your life

Death - whenever you experience the death of a loved one (including proxy)

Divorce - when you experience a divorce or other major family change

Diagnosis - when you are newly diagnosed with a serious health condition

Decline - when you experience a significant deterioration of existing health condition, especially when it diminishes you ability to live independently

ABA

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Advance HC Planning Documents - Limitations

- Advance directives go into effect when a person loses decisional capacity for any reason
 - If they regain capacity, they can make their own decisions
- Advance directives and living wills DO NOT go into effect in emergency situations. (If someone indicates they do not want CPR in the living will only, they WILL receive CPR if found unresponsive by EMS)
- Decisions by healthcare agents are often honored even if they disagree with instructions in living will
 - Need to choose agents carefully
- Healthcare instructions may not be honored if there is family conflict, threats of lawsuits, in some religiously affiliated facilities, etc.

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Advance HC Planning Documents

ADVANCE HEALTH CARE DIRECTIVES DO NOT APPLY IN AN EMERGENCY

What <u>does</u> apply? (state specific)
Who will decide?

- The Pre-Hospital Do Not Resuscitate form - Portable Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment (POLST)
 - Medic-Alert bracelet or medallion

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Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation CPR

Cardiopulmonary resuscitation is an emergency procedure that combines chest compressions often with artificial ventilation in an effort to manually preserve intact brain function until further measures are taken to restore spontaneous blood circulation and breathing in a person who is in cardiac arrest.

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CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation) **DNR** (do not resuscitate)

- CPR in emergency automatically performed:

 unless DNR form or POLST completed & evidenced

 unless DNR ordered in hospital
- unless not indicated, not intended in an inevitable arrest at end-
- During surgery and hospital procedures

Hospital: It is important to recognize the low rate of success of CPR resulting in discharge of patients, especially those who are elderly or who have end-stage cancer, renal failure, sepsis, multiorgan failure, etc.

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CPR / DNR

Out-of-hospital CPR Success: what does success mean?

- Public perception 45-85% success for CPR
 - > 90% on TV dramas
- In general population, 2-17% survival from CPR to discharge from hospital
- Of these, very few with neurologic function intact
- In long term care, 3% survival to discharge from hospital
- Of those surviving to discharge, long-term survival 5-10%

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CPR / DNR

If someone has a DNR, paramedics WILL NOT:

- · Initiate CPR or continue if already started
- · Administer chest compressions
- Intubate
- · Initiate cardiac monitoring
- · Administer cardiac resuscitation drugs
- Defibrillate
- · Provide ventilator assistance

Compassion & Choices

CPR / DNR

DNR does not mean forgoing all treatment.

If someone has a DNR, paramedics will:

- Suction the airway
- Administer oxygen
- Position for comfort
- Splint
- · Control bleeding
- Provide pain medication (Advanced Life Support only)
- Provide emotional support
- Contact hospice, home health agency, attending physician or

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CPR / DNR

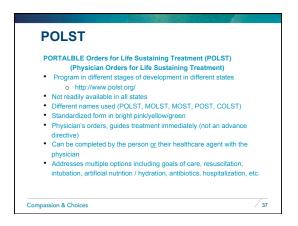
Pre-Hospital or Non-Hospital DNR Order

- Different names in different states (Comfort One, etc.)
- "Request to forgo resuscitative measures" Written document, signed by

 - · a) person or healthcare agent
 - b) a physician
- Designed to spare people the trauma of a CPR attempt if that attempt is not medically appropriate
- Can be evidenced by Medic-Alert bracelet or medallion engraved "do not resuscitate" or "DNR" ("DNAR") (states have different rules and protocols for obtaining bracelets, getting a DNR bracelet without the DNR order MAY NOT WORK!)
- Info about DNR forms by state and bracelets: http://www.americanmedical-id.com/extras/dnr.php

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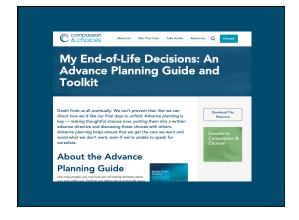


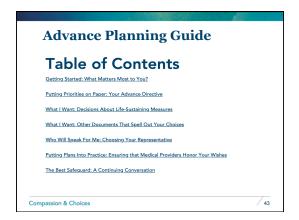




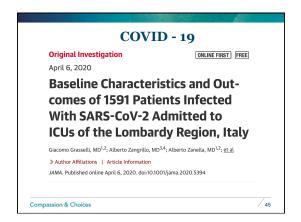


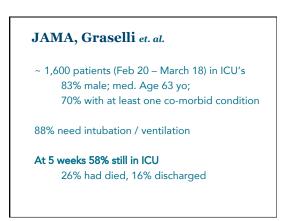




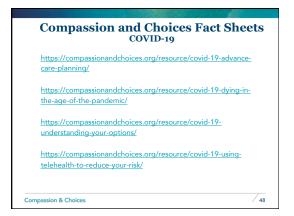












C&C - COVID ACP Addendum

If your oxygen levels are dropping, do you want to go to the hospital or would you prefer to try to get non-invasive respiratory care at home?

If you are not able to receive non-invasive respiratory care at home, do you want to go to the hospital?

If the care that is available to you at home can keep you comfortable, but cannot save your life, is your preference to stay at home? Or do you want to go to the hospital?

When you get to the hospital, do you want healthcare providers to only treat you with noninvasive options that could still save your life (such as oxygen through a face mask or nasal mask) and anything necessary to keep you comfortable and control your symptoms? Or do you want to be put on a ventilator if that becomes necessary to safe your life?

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COVID ACP Addendum (cont'd)

When you get to the hospital, do you want healthcare providers to only treat you with noninvasive options that could still save your life (such as oxygen through a face mask or nasal mask) and anything necessary to keep you comfortable and control your symptoms? Or do you want to be put on a ventilator if that becomes necessary to safe your life?

If you would like to be ventilated, are there any guidelines around how long you want to stay on the ventilator?

Do you want to stay on the ventilator if your kidneys also shut down and you need dialysis?

Do you want to stay on the ventilator if you are also going to need tubes to feed you to keep you alive?

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COVID ACP Addendum (cont'd)

Is there a length of time that you want to stay on the ventilator? Days? Weeks? Months?

If your heart stops, do you want to be resuscitated via CPR?

Do you want your healthcare proxy to have the ability to override any of these orders if he or she believes you have a reasonable chance of living a life consistent with your values and priorities based on the information provided by the doctor? Or, do you want these orders followed no matter what?

Attach this form to your advance directive. Sign and date it. Then have it signed by witnesses in accordance with witness signature requirements for your state's Advanced Directives.

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POLST and COVID-19

National POLST Resources Basics about POLST:

- Intended Population & Guidance for Health Care Professionals
- Appropriate POLST Form Use Policy

For Health Care Professionals and Facilities:

- Completing POLST Forms in Crisis Standards of Care
- COVID-19 & POLST Statement
- Long Term Care Facility Guidance
- Advance Care Planning: Reimbursable under Medicare (Coalition for Compassionate Care of California)
 - Summary of CMS Interim Final Rule provisions (Healthsperien)

For Patients:

Frequently Asked Questions

How can I ensure my healthcare wishes will be followed?

- Recognize advance planning as an ongoing, dynamic process
- Identify someone you trust as a healthcare agent to follow your wishes
- Use C&C values worksheets (located in the End of Life Decisions Guide) to clarify your wishes and what living well means to you
- Have ongoing conversations with your doctors, healthcare agents and other healthcare providers about your wishes.
- Use the addenda documents to specify your wishes
- VIDEO ON A DEVICE (iPhone, iPad, Laptop)

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